

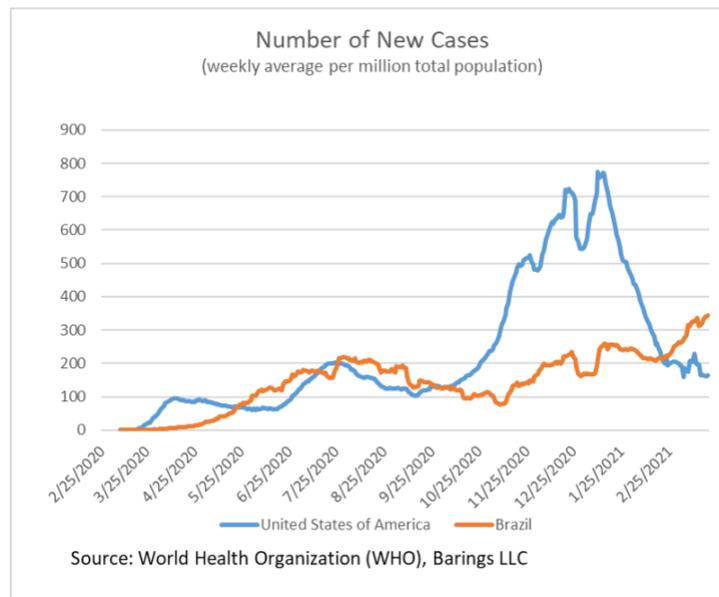
What Markets are Missing Beneath Brazil’s Messy Headlines

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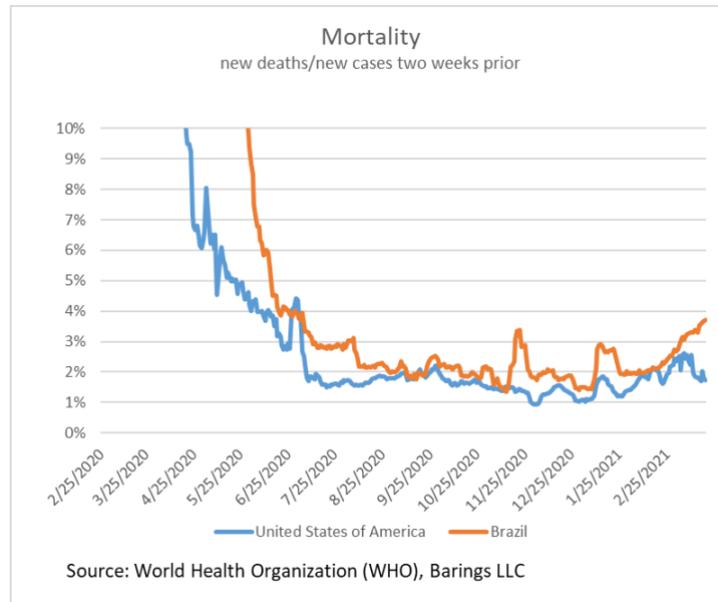
Brazilian fixed income markets have been under quite a steady selloff so far this year, the currency returning -9%, the local bonds selling off by 170 bps, and the USD bonds returning -6.6% based on JPMorgan Brazil EMBIGD sub index—arguably one of the worst EM performers year-to-date.

While a lot of things have gone wrong for Brazil—a particularly virulent pandemic, President Bolsonaro’s disregard for the management of state-owned petroleum giant Petrobras, and the reversal of former President Lula’s corruption conviction—it is fair to say that the gap between market prices and economic fundamentals has gone too far.

The pandemic has wreaked havoc in terms of infections and deaths. Bolsonaro’s leadership has been lacking, with the pandemic and broader management of the country—or so it is believed. Statistics will show, however, Brazil has had a better pandemic experience than the U.S., so far at least; as the chart below illustrates, the number of cases per million in Brazil have in large part lagged or at least have been on par with those in the U.S.



Death rates in Brazil have been slightly higher (3% versus 2% in the U.S.), with around 2,000 daily COVID-related deaths in Brazil.



But the markets seem to be paying too much more attention to recent COVID trends and too little to the country’s fiscal management. Actual economic releases, including activity and employment figures, balance of payments, and fiscal results, all point to a robust, healthy economy that is on the mend from a devastating health crisis.

So why are Brazilian assets underperforming? The market is concerned about fiscal risks, but these are likely exaggerated. The biggest apprehension seems to be a sharp turn to economic populism that would put Brazil on an unsustainable spending path. Unfortunately, near extinction of the finance minister’s powers does not help, and Bolsonaro’s economic convictions may not be overly orthodox. Add in the legal reversal of a ruling against former President Lula, a leftist with great popularity, which had prevented him from running in the October 2022 elections, and investors’ conclusions are clear: run before it’s too late!

Are things really that bad? A turn to populism can certainly not be discarded, but congressional actions over the past two months point to a more constructive path. After almost a year of no meaningful congressional votes (not even the 2021 budget was approved), the new congressional leadership has passed important legislation with remarkably large majorities:

- central bank independence;
- expanded pandemic support that also establishes rules that make finances sustainable again;
- the 2021 budget, in which public expenditure as a percentage of GDP is under control, particularly in light of its expansion in 2020 driven by the vigorous pandemic response;
- a water and sanitation bill that requires states to renew licenses via a public competitive-bidding process.

While these reforms are not 100% watertight, and some could be used in a manner that is contrary to their stated objectives, the expectation that they will be used incorrectly or maliciously seems like a figment of the imagination, especially in the context of a healing economy.

An alternative explanation for underperforming Brazilian asset prices could be fears the pandemic triggers an institutional break in the country's governance. President Bolsonaro's popularity is very low, especially among the elite. But it is important to put the current sociopolitical environment in perspective. Brazil is a well-established democracy that has had clean, popular elections since 1988. Political leaders there have weeded-out corruption by impeaching two presidents in the past 40 years, without causing institutional damage. Moreover, congressional voting has not shown the degree of cohesion in key policy matters in a very long time. Not only was Congress able to pass constitutional reform that requires 2/3 of both houses on two separate votes in record time, it also passed the budget with a much larger majority than the 50% required.

A third potential concern is the region's overall policy direction. Elections in Mexico, Argentina, and Bolivia have gone to less market-friendly candidates; April elections in Ecuador and Peru raise similar concerns. Is the Cuban-Venezuelan governance structure where Latin America is heading as a region? Can Brazil be spared? Again, while this risk is real and regional trends have precedent (military dictatorships in the 1970s and 80s, electoral swings from left-to-right and back again), elections in Brazil will not be held for another 18 months. Yes, there is some wasted fiscal space that may be costly in an election year, where spending will likely increase again, but it seems too early to price this risk with any clear certainty at this time.

Finally, rising U.S. Treasury yields represent a headwind for funding conditions in Emerging Markets. While Brazil is not an exception, the country's foreign financing needs are close to negligible. As a less-open economy, it could pay its external obligations easily out of exports and has chosen to hold large amounts of international reserves, which represent five-times its short-term external debt and two-thirds of its total external debt (public plus private). Moreover, Brazil's external current accounts is now balanced despite a much milder contraction than its trading partners in 2020. Rising U.S. Treasury yields may therefore reduce the total availability of foreign funding for Brazil, but that would be a minor inconvenience, not reason for concern.

Brazil's politics are messy and its communication is poor, but the rules still work and the government can maintain control of the path. There is budget to increase social protection, and the deficit won't be explosive, particularly when the fiscal response is compared to the expected shock in the coming two years. It is united and working hard to address the health crisis within a sustainable economic framework. The rest is just noise... and maybe a great investment opportunity.

1 April 2021 | Kaleidoscope

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*As of December 31, 2020

21-1587324